**Relationship with Fathers among Irish schoolchildren**

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**Summary**

HBSC Ireland has found that 53.1% of children report finding it easy to talk to their fathers (60.5% of boys and 47.7% of girls), which represents an increase since 1998. The percentage of children that find it easy to talk to their fathers decreases with age, from 75.5% of 10-11 year old boys and 61.6% of 10-11 year old girls, to 50.1% of 15-17 year old boys and 40.8% of 15-17 year old girls. Children who find it easy to talk to their fathers are less likely to: report frequent emotional and physical symptoms, have been really drunk, have bullied others and smoke cigarettes, while they are more likely to: report excellent health, feeling happy about their life and exercise more than 4 times per week. Ease in talking to father in this factsheet refers to children who report finding it easy or very easy to talk their fathers about things that really bother them.

**Why this topic?**

Within the family, the well-being of children is influenced by the family’s relational well-being, which covers both parent-parent relationships and parent-child relationships. Both fathers and mothers have a crucial influence on both these aspects of family relations.

**Trends 1998 – 2002**

Overall the percentage of children who report that they find it easy to talk to their father has increased between 1998 (45.8%) and 2002 (53.1%). This increase is seen among boys (51.8% to 60.5%) and girls (40.0% to 47.7%) and across all age groups.

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Further information is available at: 
http://www.hbsc.org
http://www.nuigalway.ie/hbsc/
http://www.hbsc.org/countries/ireland.html
Ease of talking to father is not associated with social class or having been injured.

International
Irish 15 year olds (boys and girls together) are ranked 27th among 35 countries in Europe and North America, with 45% reporting that they find it easy to talk to their father. Overall 66% of Irish 11 year olds (rank 21st) and 55% of Irish 13 year olds (rank 18th) report finding it easy to talk to their father.

Implications
The overall percentage of young people in Ireland who report finding it easy to talk to their fathers has increased since 1998. However, among other countries in Europe and North America, this figure is relatively low. The findings presented in this factsheet indicate that strong relationships with fathers are associated with higher levels of health, happiness and happiness. Attention needs to be placed on assisting fathers to help develop and maintain their relationships with their children. Emphasis needs to be placed on assisting fathers to help develop and maintain their relationships with their children. Alternative support structures should also be developed to help prevent engagement in risk and anti-social behaviours (e.g. drinking alcohol and bullying others) for those children who have poor relationships with their fathers.

References